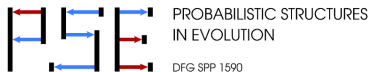


# Ancestral selection graph meets lockdown construction

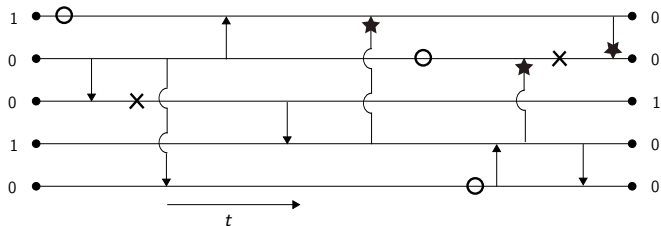
Ellen Baake

Bielefeld University

joint work with Ute Lenz, Sandra Kluth, and Anton Wakolbinger



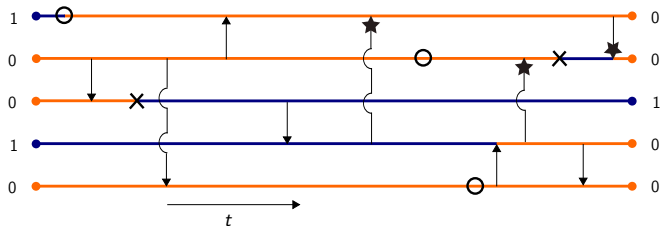
# Moran model with mutation and selection



$N$  individuals, types 0 ('good'), 1 ('bad')

- neutral reproduction, rate  $1$  (for all individuals)
- ★ selective reproduction, rate  $s$  (for 0 individuals)
- mutation to 0, rate  $u\nu_0$
- × mutation to 1, rate  $u\nu_1$  ( $\nu_0 + \nu_1 = 1$ )

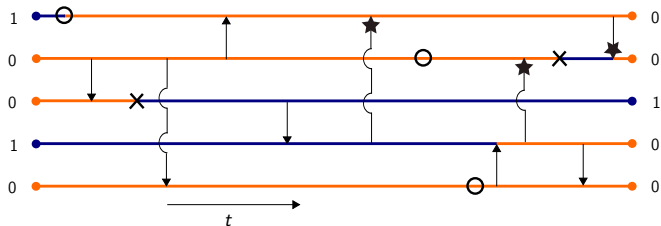
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# Moran model with mutation and selection



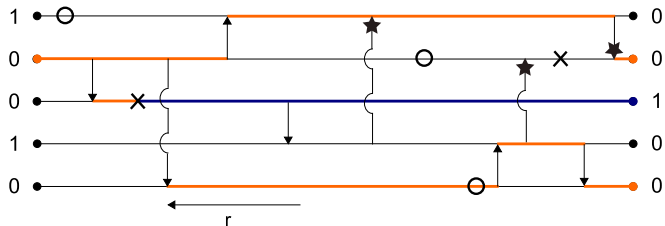
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- mutation to 0, rate  $u\nu_0$
- × mutation to 1, rate  $u\nu_1$  ( $\nu_0 + \nu_1 = 1$ )

$X_t$  frequency of type-0 individuals at time  $t$

diffusion limit:  $t \rightarrow t/N$ ,  $N \rightarrow \infty$  s.t.  $Ns \rightarrow \sigma$ ,  $Nu \rightarrow \theta$

# Looking back



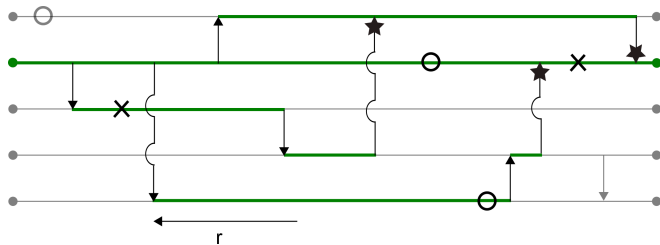
ancestors? genealogy? MRCA?

# History

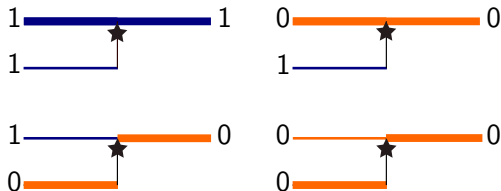
- 1981 neutral case ( $\sigma = 0$ ): Kingman's coalescent;  
genealogy independent of types
- 1996 coalescent with selection ( $\sigma > 0$ ):  
considered impossible due to principal reasons
- 1997 Krone and Neuhauser, ancestral selection graph (ASG)
- 1999 Donnelly and Kurtz, lookdown construction (LD)  
with selection

# Ancestral selection graph: Basic idea

follow back all **potential** ancestors.....

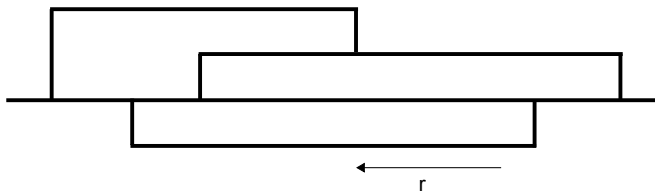


.... and keep in mind **pecking order**



# Ancestral selection graph: Basic idea

step 1: backward, w/o types

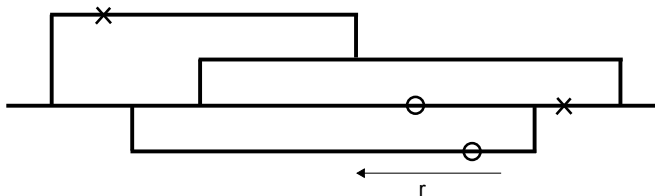


(branching: rate  $\sigma$  per line; coalescence: rate 1 per ordered pair)



# Ancestral selection graph: Basic idea

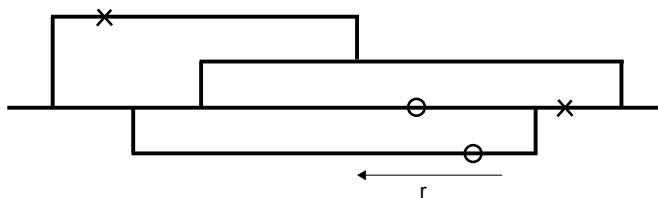
step 1: backward, w/o types



(mutation: rates  $\theta\nu_1, \theta\nu_0$  per line)

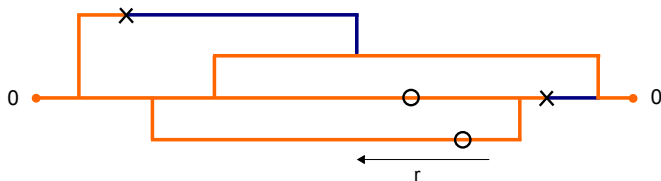
# Ancestral selection graph: Basic idea

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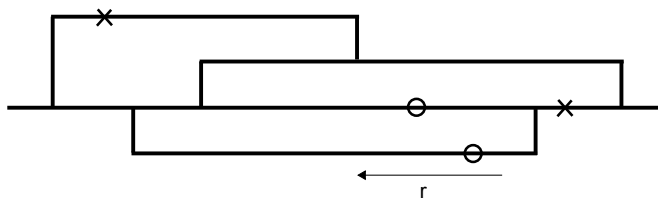
step 2: forward, with types (assigned at  $t = 0$  according to  $X_0$ )



(resolve branching events)

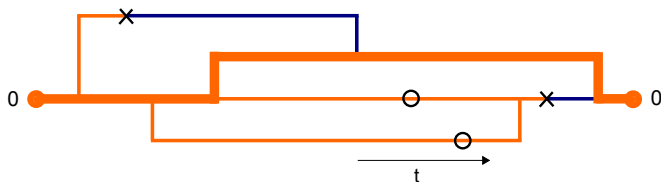
# Ancestral selection graph: Basic idea

step 1: backward, w/o types



(mutation: rates  $\theta\nu_1, \theta\nu_0$  per line)

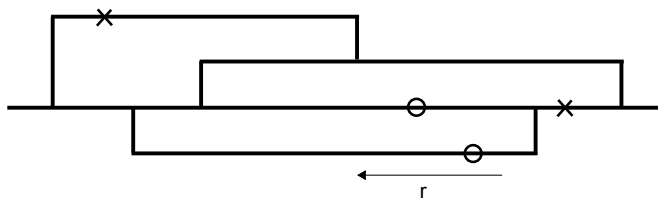
step 2: forward, with types (assigned at  $t = 0$  according to  $X_0$ )



(identify ancestral line)

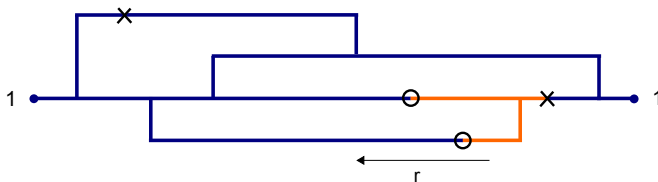
# Ancestral selection graph: Basic idea

step 1: backward, w/o types



(mutation: rates  $\theta\nu_1, \theta\nu_0$  per line)

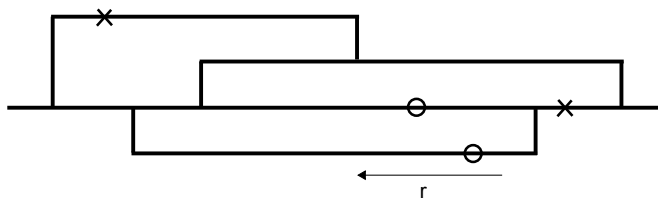
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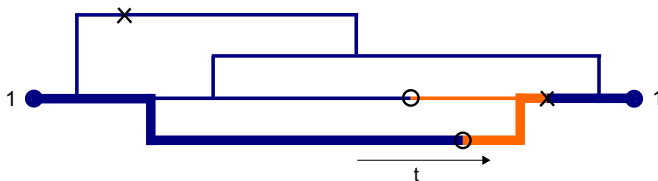
# Ancestral selection graph: Basic idea

step 1: backward, w/o types



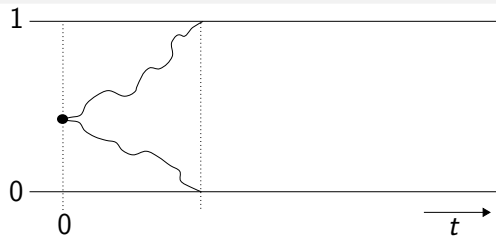
(mutation: rates  $\theta\nu_1, \theta\nu_0$  per line)

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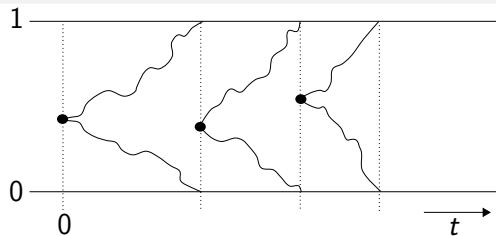


(identify ancestral line)

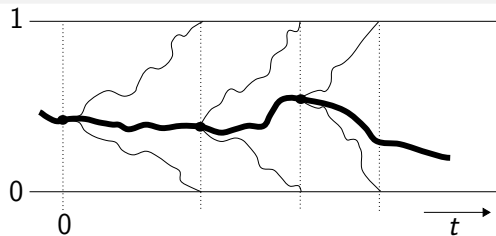
# Immortal line



# Immortal line

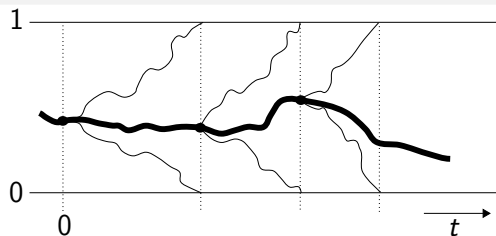


# Immortal line





# Immortal line



$$h(x) := \mathbb{P}(\text{'winner' at } t = 0 \text{ is of type 0} \mid X_0 = x)$$
$$= \sum_{n \geq 0} a_n x(1-x)^n \quad (\text{Fearhead 2002, Taylor 2007})$$

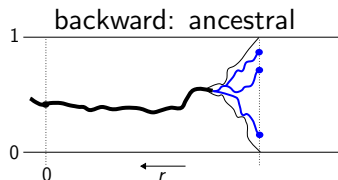
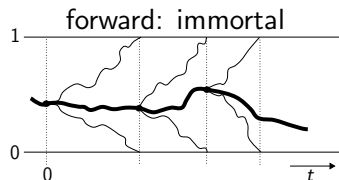
$$(n+1+\theta+\sigma)a_n = (n+1+\theta\nu_1)a_{n+1} + \sigma a_{n-1}$$

$$1 = a_0 \geq a_1 \geq \dots, \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_{n+1}/a_n = 0$$

bias towards type 0 !

probabilistic meaning, graphical approach ???

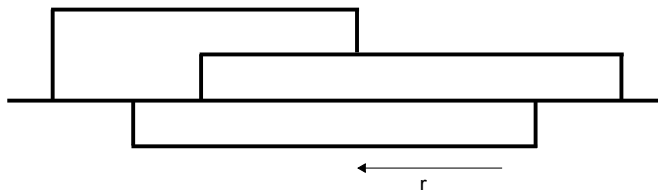
# Immortal and ancestral line



immortal line:

- each ancestral line coalesces into it
- **ancestral line** of an individual sampled at a late time
- back to ASG

## Number of lines in ASG



$K_r$  number of lines in ASG at time  $r = -t$

$(K_r)_{r \geq 0}$  birth-death process with rates

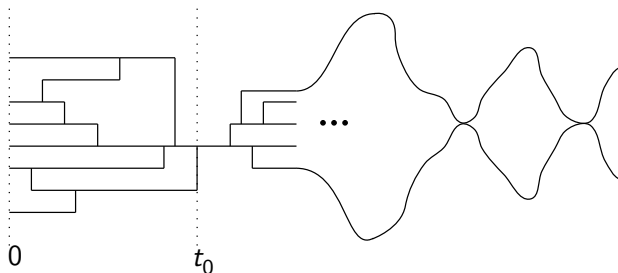
$$q_K(n, n+1) = n\sigma, \quad q_K(n, n-1) = n(n-1), \quad n = 1, 2, \dots$$

and (reversible) equilibrium distribution ( $r \rightarrow \infty$ )

$$\mathbb{P}(K = n) = \frac{\sigma^n}{n!(\exp(\sigma) - 1)}, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}$$

(i.e.,  $\text{Poisson}(\sigma)$  conditioned to  $\{1, 2, \dots\}$ )

# Ancestral line

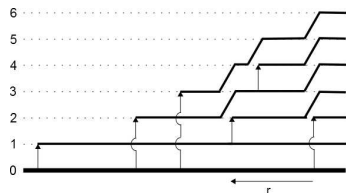


- $(K_r)_{r \geq 0}$  has **bottlenecks**
- identify true ancestor of **first bottleneck** individual
- assign types to  $K_0$  lines (stationary!) at  $t = 0$   
(by drawing iid according to  $X_0$ )
- propagate types, apply pecking order (**confusing!**)

↪ **bring some order into the picture!**

# Lookdown construction ( $\sigma = 0$ )

Donnelly & Kurtz 1999:



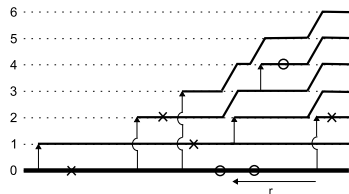
lines on levels  $\in \mathbb{N}_{\geq 0}$ :

- immortal line on level 0 at all times
- exchangeability preserved  
 $\rightsquigarrow$  assign types iid according to  $X_0$

$$h(x) = \mathbb{P}(\text{level 0 is 'good' } | X_0 = x) = x$$

# Lookdown construction ( $\sigma = 0$ )

Donnelly & Kurtz 1999:



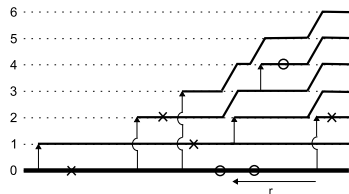
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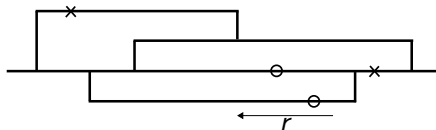
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Lookdown-like representation of ASG ??

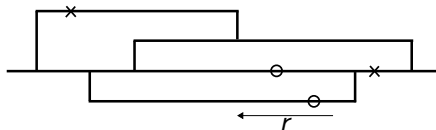
# Ordering the ASG



ASG

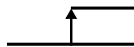


# Ordering the ASG

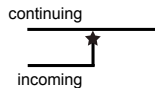


ASG

ordering convention:

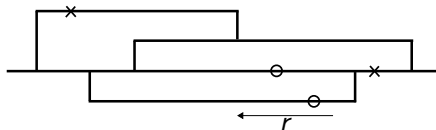


coalescence



branching

# Ordering the ASG

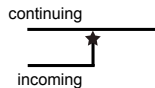


ASG

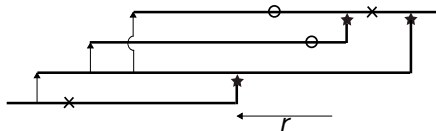
ordering convention:



coalescence



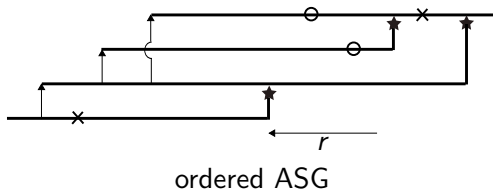
branching



ordered ASG

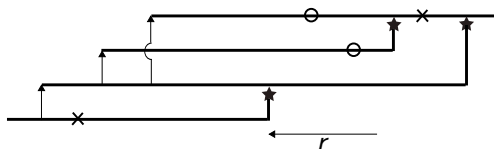
# The Lookdown ASG

1. Construction *from a given realisation* of the ordered ASG

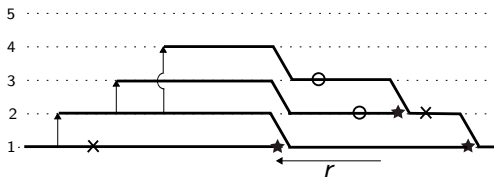


# The Lookdown ASG

1. Construction from a given realisation of the ordered ASG



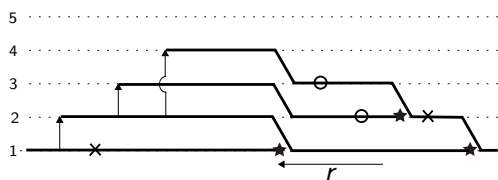
ordered ASG



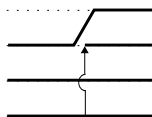
LD-ASG

# The Lookdown ASG

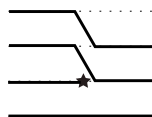
## 1. Construction from a given realisation of the ordered ASG



LD-ASG



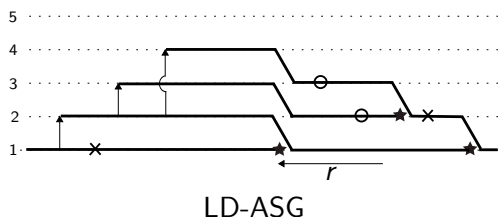
coalescence



branching

# The Lookdown ASG

## 2. Markovian dynamics backward in time

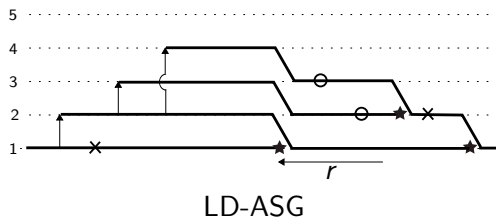


independent Poisson point processes:

- **branching:** stars at rate  $\sigma$  on every occupied level
- **coalescence:** arrows at rate 2 for every ordered pair  $(i, j)$  of occupied levels ( $j > i$ )
- **mutation:** circles and crosses at rates  $\theta\nu_0$  and  $\theta\nu_1$

# The Lookdown ASG

## 2. Markovian dynamics backward in time

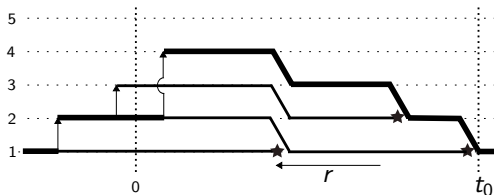


$K_r$  highest occupied level (= number of lines) at time  $r$   
(( $K_r$ ) $_{r \in \mathbb{R}}$  birth-death process)

# The immune line

## Definition

At any given time, the **immune line** is the line that will be immortal if all lines at that time are of type 1.



for  $\theta = 0$ :

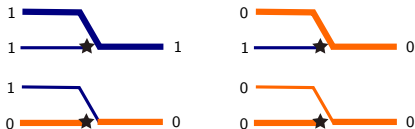
- starts at bottleneck
- moves up at branching events  $\rightsquigarrow$  follows continuing branch!
- follows coalescence events downwards



## LD-ASG with types ( $\theta = 0$ )

assign types (at  $t = 0$  iid according to  $X_0$ )

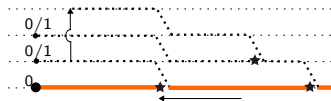
$\rightsquigarrow$  type and level of immortal line?



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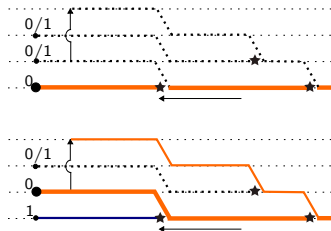
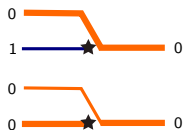
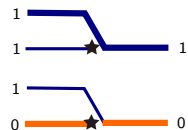
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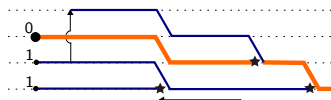
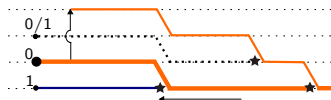
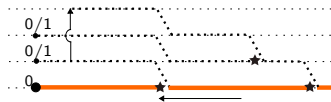
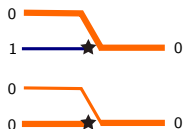
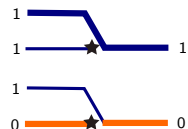
$\rightsquigarrow$  type and level of immortal line?



# LD-ASG with types ( $\theta = 0$ )

assign types (at  $t = 0$  iid according to  $X_0$ )

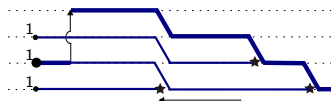
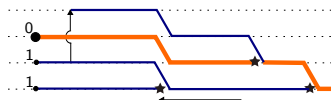
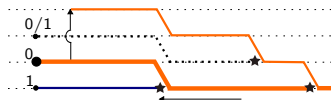
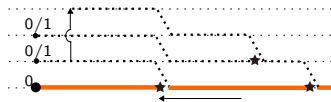
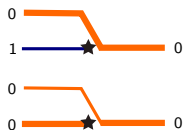
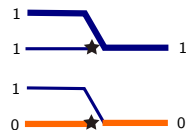
$\rightsquigarrow$  type and level of immortal line?



# LD-ASG with types ( $\theta = 0$ )

assign types (at  $t = 0$  iid according to  $X_0$ )

$\rightsquigarrow$  type and level of immortal line?



## Level and type of immortal line ( $\theta = 0$ )

### Proposition (Level and type of immortal line)

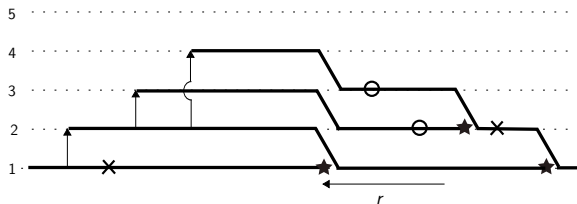
For  $\theta = 0$ , the level of the immortal line in the equilibrium LD-ASG with types assigned at  $t = 0$  is either the lowest type-0 level or, if all lines at  $t = 0$  are of type 1, it is the level of the immune line. Therefore,

$$\begin{aligned}h(x) &= \mathbb{P}(\text{immortal line has type 0 at } t = 0 \mid X_0 = x) \\&= \sum_{n \geq 1} \mathbb{P}(K_0 \geq n)(1-x)^{n-1}x \\&= \frac{1 - \exp(-\sigma x)}{1 - \exp(-\sigma)}. \quad (\text{Kimura 1962})\end{aligned}$$

$\theta > 0$  ??????

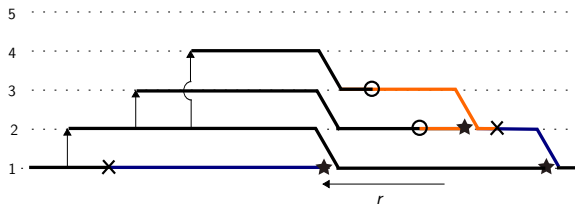
# LD-ASG with mutations

LD-ASG:



# LD-ASG with mutations

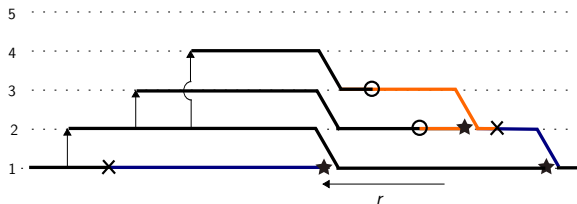
LD-ASG:



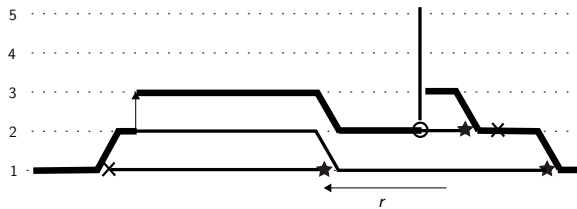


# LD-ASG with mutations

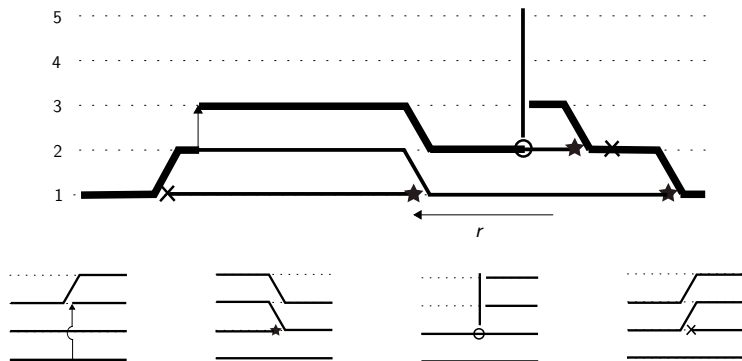
LD-ASG:



pruned LD-ASG:

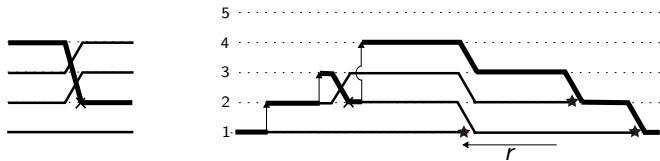


# The pruned LD-ASG



immune line: jumps to levels of circles

# The pruned LD-ASG

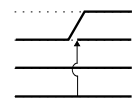


relocation to top on deleterious mutation

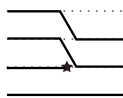
# The pruned LD-ASG

$L_r =$  highest occupied level (= number of lines) at time  $r$

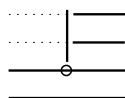
$(L_r)_{r \in \mathbb{R}}$  Markov chain in continuous time with rates



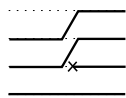
$$q_L^\uparrow(n, n-1) \\ = n(n-1)$$



$$q_L^*(n, n+1) \\ = n\sigma$$



$$q_L^\circ(n, n-1) \\ = \theta\nu_0$$



$$q_L^\times(n, n-1) \\ = (n-1)\theta\nu_1$$

stationary distribution ( $r \rightarrow \infty$ ):

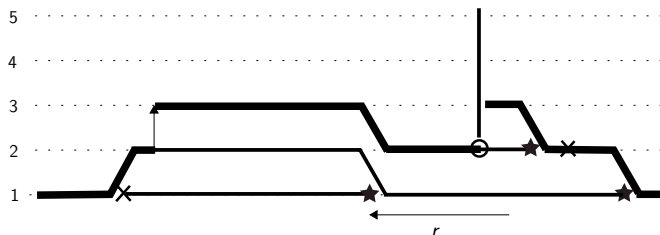
$$\rho_n := \mathbb{P}(L = n), \quad a_n := \mathbb{P}(L > n), \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

given via recursion (Fearnhead/Taylor)

$$(n+1+\theta+\sigma)a_n = (n+1+\theta\nu_1)a_{n+1} + \sigma a_{n-1},$$

$$a_0 = 1, \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_{n+1}/a_n = 0.$$

## The pruned LD-ASG with types

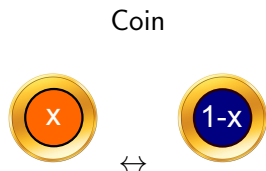
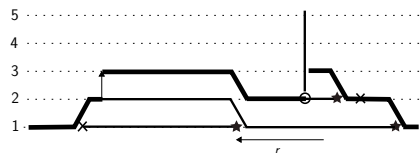


assign types: **type** and **level of immortal line?**

all lines **untyped** (except immune line),  
and arranged according to pecking order

$\rightsquigarrow$  results for  $\theta = 0$  carry over!

## Level and type of immortal line ( $\theta = 0$ )



$$\begin{aligned}h(x) &= \mathbb{P}(\text{immortal line has type 0 at } t = 0 \mid X_0 = x) \\ &= \sum_{n \geq 1} \mathbb{P}(L \geq n)(1-x)^{n-1}x\end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbb{P}(L \geq n) = \mathbb{P}(\text{level } n \text{ is occupied}),$$

$$1 = \mathbb{P}(L \geq 1) \geq \mathbb{P}(L \geq 2) \geq \mathbb{P}(L \geq 3) \dots$$

$\rightsquigarrow$  bias towards type 0.

## Level and type of immortal line ( $\theta > 0$ )

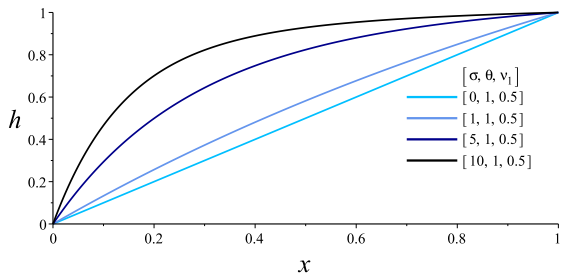
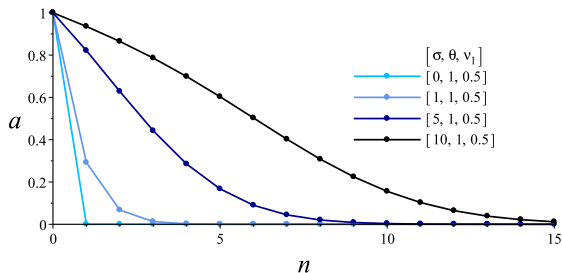
### Theorem

- 1 The level of the immortal line in the LD-ASG with types assigned at  $t = 0$  is either the lowest type-0 level or, if all lines at  $t = 0$  are of type 1, it is the level of the immune line.
- 2  $h(x) = \mathbb{P}(\text{immortal line has type 0} \mid x)$  is the probability of at least one success when tossing  $L$  times a coin with success probability  $x$ ,

$$h(x) = \sum_{n \geq 1} \mathbb{P}(L \geq n)(1 - x)^{n-1}x .$$

# Some pictures: $a_n := \mathbb{P}(L > n)$ and $h(x)$

$\sigma = 0, 1, 5, 10, \quad \theta = 1, \quad \nu_1 = 0.5$





# Conclusion

Pruned LD-ASG to identify ancestral individual and obtain its type distribution

Key ingredients:

- equilibrium ASG (without types)
- ordering of lines
- LD-ASG
- pruned LD-ASG (still without types)
- assign types



TPB 2015